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	Kod ucznia								
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	Dzień		Miesiąc			Rok			
DATA URODZENIA UCZNIĄ									

KONKURS JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO
DLA UCZNIÓW GIMNAZJUM
ETAP WOJEWÓDZKI

Drogi Uczniu!

Witaj na III etapie konkursu z języka angielskiego. Przeczytaj uważnie instrukcję i postaraj się prawidłowo odpowiedzieć na wszystkie pytania.

- Arkusz liczy 7 stron i zawiera 8 zadań.
- Przed rozpoczęciem pracy sprawdź czy Twój test jest kompletny. Jeżeli zauważysz usterki, zgłoś ten fakt Komisji Konkursowej.
- Zadania czytaj uważnie i ze zrozumieniem.
- Odpowiedzi wpisuj czarnym lub niebieskim długopisem bądź piórem.
- Dbaj o czytelność pisma i precyzję odpowiedzi.
- W przypadku testu wyboru prawidłową odpowiedź zaznacz stawiając znak **X** na literze poprzedzającej treść wybranej odpowiedzi.
- Nie używaj korektora. Jeżeli pomylisz się, błędne zaznaczenie otocz kółkiem i zaznacz znakiem **X** inną odpowiedź.
- Oceniane będą tylko odpowiedzi, które zostały umieszczone w miejscu do tego przeznaczonym.
- Brudnopis nie będzie oceniany.

Czas pracy:
90 minut

Liczba punktów
możliwych
do uzyskania:

80

Pracuj samodzielnie.

Powodzenia!

Zadanie 1. Przeczytaj tekst poniżej i wpisz brakujące wyrazy, które najlepiej pasują do luk. 1-16. Należy użyć tylko jednego wyrazu w każdej luce. (0-16 punktów)

KEEPING FIT

Bodies are made to move! They are not designed for sitting around in front _____(1) the television or reading magazines. Keeping fit doesn't (2)_____you have to be a super-athlete, and even a (3)_____exercise can give you a lot of fun. When you're fit and healthy, you'll find you look better and feel better. You'll (4)_____more energy and self-confidence.

Every time you move (5)_____exercising. The human body is designed to bend, stretch, run, jump and climb. The (6)_____it does, the stronger and fitter it will become. Best of (7)_____, exercise is fun. It's (8)_____your body likes doing most-keeping on the move.

Physical exercise is not only good (9)_____your body. People who take regular exercise are usually happier, more relaxed and more alert (10)_____people who sit around all day. Try an experiment-next time you're (11)_____a bad mood, go for a walk or play a ball game in the park. See how (12)_____better you feel after an hour.

A sense of achievement is yet (13)_____benefit of exercise. People feel good (14)_____themselves when they know they have improved (15)_____fitness. People who exercise regularly will (16)_____you that they find they have more energy to enjoy life. So have a go-you'll soon see and feel the benefits!

Zadanie 2. Przeczytaj poniższy tekst i zaznacz odpowiedź A,B, lub C (0-10 punktów)

The best public transport system in the world.

Curitiba in Brazil is no ordinary city; it has the best public transport system in the world. The mayor, Jaime Lerner, along with the council, began developing the world-famous system in 1971. Mr Lerner had grown up in Curitiba and knew that the street was an important part of city life for the residents. He made many of the streets into pedestrian areas, with no access for cars. The council put in flowers, lights, and kiosks where people could sell food and other products. To encourage shoppers to use the new areas, the mayor gave away free paper so that local children could paint pictures in the street. Cyclists also benefit from 150km of cycle lanes, which follow old river valleys and railway tracks around the city. Mr Lerner realized that to increase the development and growth of

the city in the future, the public transport system also had to improve. Buses were chosen as the main transport because it was the cheapest. Curitiba's transport system now consists of over 300 routes that use around 1,900 buses to carry approximately 1.9 million passengers every day. Approximately 60km of the roads are for buses only, so traffic jams are unusual. Bus travel is faster and more convenient than using private cars. The city now uses 30% less fuel than other large cities in Brazil and people spend only about 10% of their yearly salaries on transport costs. Some of the buses are able to carry 170–270 passengers. School buses are yellow, and buses for disabled people are blue. They are designed with three doors – two exits and one entrance – so that people can get on and off quickly. Bus stations provide free maps and facilities to help parents with young children and people carrying heavy bags to board the buses easily. Passengers buy a ticket at the office in advance and then wait for their bus, like in an underground station. Because of the success of Curitiba's public transport system, Jaime Lerner now offers advice to city councils around the world on how they can solve their cities' transport problems.

1 Curitiba is different from other cities in the world.

A True B False C Doesn't say

2 Jaime Lerner spent a lot of time playing on the streets when he was a child.

A True B False C Doesn't say

3 The council allows people to sell things in the pedestrian streets.

A True B False C Doesn't say

4 All the kiosks sell local food.

A True B False C Doesn't say

5 The council chose to increase the bus service because it was the least expensive type of transport.

A True B False C Doesn't say

6 The population of the city is about 1.9 million.

A True B False C Doesn't say

7 Other large Brazilian cities are planning to cut the amount of fuel they use.

A True B False C Doesn't say

8 The buses are different colours according to what they are used for.

A True B False C Doesn't say

9 Passengers buy their tickets as they get on the buses.

A True B False C Doesn't say

10 Mr Lerner enjoys being an expert in developing public transport systems.

A True B False C Doesn't say

Zadanie 3. Podaj słowa, które odpowiadają poniższym definicjom. Dla ułatwienia podajemy niektóre litery. (0-6 punktów)

1. The highest authority ruling a country : g _ _ _ r _ _ e _ t.
2. Wisdom, knowledge and skill gained in real life : e_ p_ _ _ _ _ ce.
3. Sportsmen need a lot of it : t _ _ _ n _ _ g
4. A person with broad knowledge working on experiments: sc_ _ n_ _ _ t.
5. Tells you about the things you can buy (on TV, radio, etc.) : a _ v_ _ t _ _ _ m _ _ _ .
6. When you don't catch the train, it means: m _ _ s it.

Zadanie 4. Zadaj pytania o podkreślone części zdań. (0-10 punktów)

1. John's sister used to play with the farmer's children.
_____?
2. It is your turn now.
_____?
3. The black cat has eaten all the meat !
_____?
4. Barry used to read history books.
_____?
5. Tom has always dreamt of becoming an actor.
_____?
6. John's new car is over there.
_____?
7. In the old days this garden was nice.
_____?
8. The farmer's life has changed a lot.
_____?
9. I have never met a girl called Anita.
_____?
10. Bob put his left shoe on his right foot.
_____?

Zadanie 5. Dopasuj do każdego zdania po jednym z niżej wymienionych wyrażień. (0-10 punktów)

little less least a little few fewer a few much more most

1. I've got _____ money left. Let's go and buy some ice cream
2. Very _____ people can speak _____ than three foreign languages.
3. There are _____ beautiful trees over there. Look at them!
4. We asked him, but he didn't have _____ to say about the accident.
5. Copernicus spent _____ of his life studying the skies.
6. It's _____ dark in here. Turn on the light, please.
7. With the new speed limit, we have had _____ accidents on this road than last year.
8. Cooking isn't hard at all, and the _____ difficult part is making tea!
9. The weather is going to be nicer, with _____ rain and more sunshine.
10. English people show _____ interest in political jokes. They rarely laugh at them.

Zadanie 6. Wyraż treść poniższych zdań w inny sposób, zaczynając od podanych słów. (0-10 punktów)

1. When we are thinking about the problem we should consider two things.
Thinking _____
2. What a pity I'm not talented ! I *wish* _____
3. Here they use wood to make everyday tools.
Here wood _____
4. If we come back to your first question, I must say I really don't know the answer.
Coming back _____
5. The Vikings founded the town of York. *The town of York* _____
6. It is a risky thing to go there. *To* _____
7. They will build a new shopping center here.
A new shopping centre _____
8. It is crazy to pick berries in the middle of the night.
Picking _____
9. I think you should stay at home. *You had* _____
10. You will not force me to during this! *You will not make* _____

Zadanie 7. Napisz przymiotniki o przeciwnym znaczeniu. (0-10 punktów)

1. tidy - _____
2. patient-_____
3. boring-_____
4. correct-_____
5. usual-_____
6. good-looking-_____
7. silly-_____
8. ambitious-_____
9. attractive-_____
10. careless-_____

Zadanie 8. Zaznacz poprawną odpowiedź A, B, C, D na podane pytania. (0-8 punktów)

1. What is the capital of Wales?
A. Belfast B. Cardiff C. Swansea D. Glasgow
2. Who normally lives at 10 Downing Street?
A. The Prime Minister B. The Queen C. The Prince of Wales D. Harry Potter
3. Where are the crown jewels kept?
A. Buckingham Palace B. Windsor Castle C. Westminster Abbey D. The Tower of London
4. St Patrick's Day is celebrated on.....
A. 7th January B. 17th, March C. 7th, July D. 17th, November
5. In which town was William Shakespeare born?
A. Brighton B. Stratford -upon- Avon C. Oxford D. Cambridge
6. What is a double- decker?
A. a house B. a hamburger C. a bus D. a taxi
7. Scots wear.....
A. skirts B. shamrocks C. mittens D. kilts
8. Which UK country has bilingual road signs?
A. Scotland B. England C. Wales D. Northern Ireland

Brudnopis